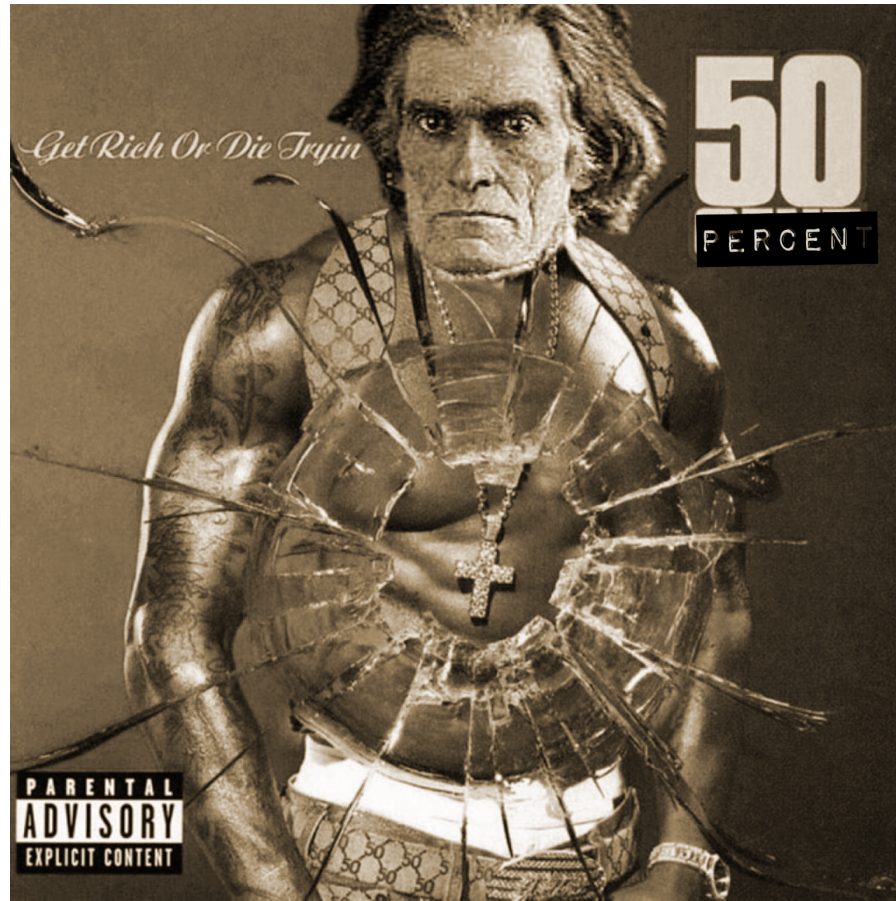


KEY THINGS TO KNOW FOR **APUSH Periods 1-5**

1491-1877

50%
of the
exam



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APUSH PERIOD 1: 1491-1607 (5%)

1491: Year before Columbus got lost (Pre-Columbian Exchange)

You better know about:

- ✓ Native American life pre & post contact (Great plains nomadic life, intro of diseases, horses, guns, etc. as a result of Columbian Exchange)
- ✓ European attempts at colonization. How Spain, France, Holland, and England colonized. (Treaty of Tordesillas, St. Augustine, encomienda system)
- ✓ Interactions and relationships between Europeans, Africans, and Native Americas. (mestizo, middle passage slave trade, etc.)

to
1607: 1st permanent English colony
Jamestown established

APUSH PERIOD 2: 1607-1754 (10%)

1607: Jamestown established (1st permanent English settlement)

You better know about:

- ✓ Success and failures of different European attempts at colonization (Interactions and relationships between Europeans, Africans, and Native Americans- Mercantilism, Pueblo Revolt, King Philip's War, Bacon's Rebellion, Stono Rebellion, etc).
- ✓ How did England become the dominant power in North America & why the English colonies developed unique identities (New England, Middle, Chesapeake, Southern colonies, West Indies).

to 1754: Start of French & Indian War (Seven Years War in Europe)

APUSH PERIOD 3: 1754-1800 (12%)

1754: Start of French & Indian War

You better know about:

- ✓ Why and how the French and Indian War was a major turning point between England and the colonies (end of salutary neglect, taxes, Common Sense, Enlightenment).
- ✓ The factors that contributed to the American Revolution and why the colonies were eventually victorious.
- ✓ The differences and similarities between the Articles of Confederation (1st national govt.) and the Constitution (more powerful national govt.)- NW Ordinance, Shay's Rebellion, Whiskey Rebellion, Great Compromise, Federalism, separation of powers, checks & balances
- ✓ Why political parties (Federalist & Jeffersonian Republicans) formed. (Hamilton's economic plan, French Revolution, Washington's Farewell Address)

to

1800: Election of Jefferson (1st peaceful transition of political power)

APUSH PERIOD 4: 1800-1848 (10%)

1800: Election of Jefferson

You better know about:

- ✓ Why the different regions (North, South, West) developed unique identities and how the Market Revolution impacted each region. (Eli Whitney, transportation rev., immigration & nativism, support/opposition to slavery)
- ✓ How American society was becoming more democratic (at least for white dudes-Age of Jackson) and how various reform movements sought to improve American society. (abolitionist movement, 2nd Great Awakening, Seneca Falls, Horace Mann, etc)
- ✓ Growth of political parties: 1st party system (Federalist & Democratic Republicans), 2nd Party system (Democrats & Whigs)- loose vs. strict interpretation, opposition to Jackson creates Whig party, etc.
- ✓ The growth of the slavery issue (Missouri Compromise) and how the movement west brought the issue into politics. What other issues caused sectionalism? (American System, Tariff of Abominations, Bank of the U.S. etc)
- ✓ How states attempted to resist federal authority (Hartford Convention, Nullification Crisis). Supremacy of the federal government over the states (Marshall Court)

to
1848: Seneca Falls Convention
(Start of Women's Right Movement)

APUSH PERIOD 5: 1844-1877 (13%)

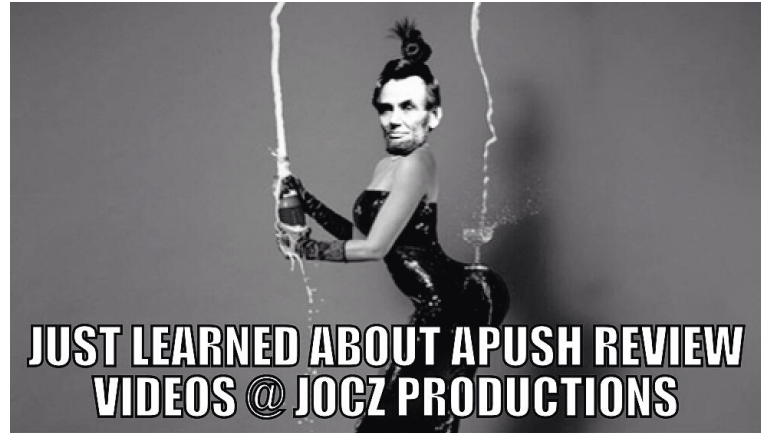
1844: Election of James K. Polk (Manifest Destiny)

You better know about:

- ✓ The belief in Manifest Destiny and the expansion of the United States (Texas, Mexican American War, etc.)
- ✓ How the issue of slavery (and how attempts at compromise ultimately failed) to prevent the Civil War. Know about sectional tensions of the time period (Wilmot Proviso, Compromise of 1850, Kansas-Nebraska, Dred Scott, Election of Lincoln, etc.)
- ✓ The North won the Civil War due to a variety of factors (military leaders, effective strategies, superior resources, key victories) and the war would have tremendous consequences for the nation (Emancipation Proclamation, preserving the Union)
- ✓ In what ways can Reconstruction be considered a failure? Success? Did the lives of African American people dramatically improve after the Civil War? (Reconstruction Amendments, Radical Republicans, KKK violence, Jim Crow laws, etc.)

to 1877: Compromise of 1877 (End of Reconstruction)

CHECK OUT THESE REVIEW VIDEOS



**APUSH PERIOD 2:
1607-1754
REVIEWED!**

**APUSH PERIOD 4:
1800-1848
REVIEWED!**

**APUSH PERIOD 3:
1754-1800
REVIEWED!**

**APUSH PERIOD 5:
KEY CONCEPT 5.1
1844-1877
REVIEWED!**

Broken down into parts 5.1, 5.2, & 5.3

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