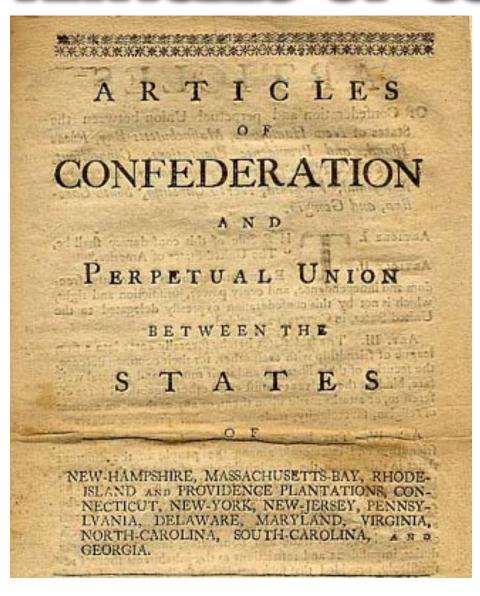
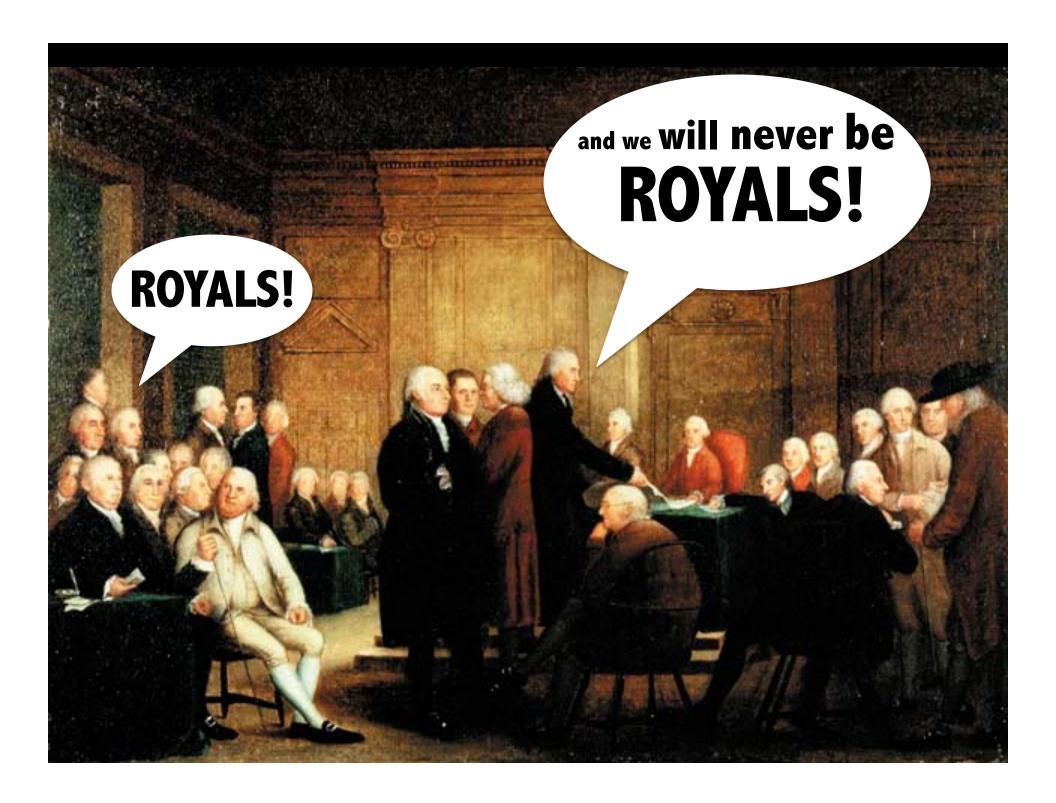
## AP GOV THE ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION REVIEWED!

#### ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION



- 1<sup>st</sup> national government of the United States
- Government could:
  - Conduct foreign policy, borrow money, make treaties
- Created a central government with limited power
  - Each state had its sovereignty and independence
  - Reasons for weak central government?



## POLITICAL WEAKNESSES

- No executive branch
- No national court system
- Had a <u>unicameral</u> Congress
- One vote for each state regardless of size
- Amendment to articles required <u>unanimous consent</u> of all states
- To pass a law <u>required 9</u> out of 13 states to agree
- "Each state retains its sovereignty, freedom, and independence."



#### **Economic Weaknesses**

- © Congress could <u>not</u> impose taxes
- © Congress could <u>not</u> regulate commerce
- Individual states
  could impose tariffs
  on other states

Reasons the **Articles will NOT** be able to get the young nations **MONEY RIGHT** 

## Shay's Rebellion

- Background: Crappy economy, farm foreclosures
- Shay's Rebellion (1786-87)
   Daniel Shay, veteran of the revolution in Mass. led a rebellion of poor farmers
  - <u>Demands</u>: lower taxes, end of foreclosures, end of imprisonment for debt, etc.
- Government was TOO WEAK to put the rebellion down
  - Increased calls for a stronger central government
  - Fear of anarchy amongst the propertied class



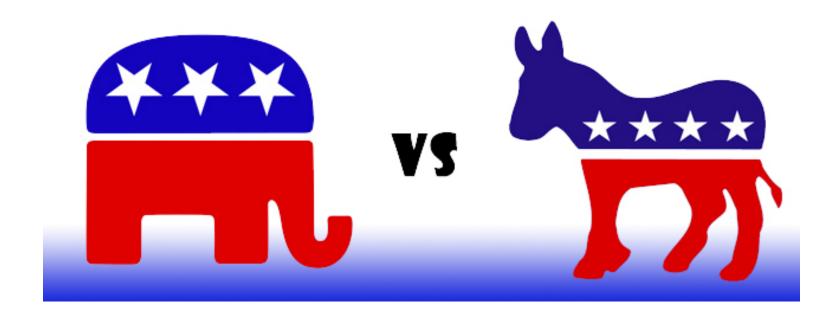
## **Annapolis Convention (1786)**



- Annapolis
  Convention
  (September 1786):
  5 states meet to
  discuss trade and
  commerce
  - Plan to meet up in Philly in 1 year
  - May 1787-ConstitutionalConvention

#### Why does all this matter?

- The Articles of Confederation created a weak central government
- The Constitutional Convention created a strong national government
- We continue to debate the power of the federal government



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